

Amendment
Serial No. 10/029,829

Docket No. US010719

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MAY 15 2006**IN THE CLAIMS:**

1. (currently amended) A method for encoding a stream of data blocks using a scalable encoder, the method comprising ~~the steps of:~~
 - receiving a stream of data blocks;
 - storing said received data blocks in an input buffer;
 - encoding a first sequence of said stored data blocks from said input buffer to produce a first encoded data block;
 - monitoring the fullness level of said input buffer for comparison with a predetermined threshold range to yield an outcome of said comparison; and;
 - adjusting the complexity of said encoder based on ~~only said comparison outcome of said input buffer, said adjusting according to a predetermined encoding configuration table, said configuration table using a plurality of complexities and encoding options.~~
2. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of adjusting the complexity of said encoder based on said comparison outcome comprises ~~the steps of:~~
 - decreasing the complexity of said encoder when the fullness level of said input buffer exceeds an upper limit of said threshold range; and,
 - encoding a second data block at ~~said~~ the decreased complexity to produce a second encoded data block.
3. (currently amended) The method of claim 2, wherein ~~the step of~~ decreasing the complexity of said encoder is performed according to a predetermined encoding configuration table.
4. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein ~~the step of adjusting the complexity of said encoder based on said comparison outcome comprises the steps of:~~
 - increasing the complexity of said encoder when the fullness level of said input buffer is below a lower level of said predetermined threshold range; and,

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encoding a second data block at ~~said~~the increased complexity to produce a second encoded data block.

5. (currently amended) The method of claim 4, wherein ~~the step of~~ increasing the complexity of said encoder is performed according to a predetermined encoding configuration table.

6. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein ~~the step of adjusting the complexity of said encoder based on said comparison outcome~~ comprises the step of maintaining the complexity of said encoder when the fullness level of said input buffer falls within said predetermined threshold range.

7. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising ~~the step of~~ storing said first encoded data ~~blocks~~block in a memory medium for subsequent retrieval.

8. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the stream of data ~~blocks comprise~~comprises a stream of video frames.

9. (currently amended) A method for encoding a stream of data blocks using a scalable encoder, ~~the method comprises the steps of~~ comprising:

temporarily storing the stream of said data blocks in an input buffer;
retrieving a first sequence of said stored data blocks from said input buffer;
encoding the first sequence of said stored data blocks from said input buffer to produce a first encoded data block;
monitoring the fullness level of said input buffer;
comparing the fullness level of said input buffer to a predetermined threshold range;

increasing the complexity of said encoder ~~based only on~~ when the fullness level of said input buffer is below a lower level of said predetermined threshold range

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~~according to a predetermined encoding configuration table, said configuration table using a plurality of complexities and encoding options; and,~~

decreasing the complexity of said encoder ~~based only on~~ when the fullness level of said input buffer is ~~below~~above an upper level of said predetermined threshold range ~~according to a predetermined encoding configuration table, said configuration table using a plurality of complexities and encoding options.~~

10. (currently amended) The method of claim 9, further comprising the step of encoding a second data block at ~~the~~said increased complexity to produce a second encoded data block.

11. (currently amended) The method of claim 9, wherein ~~the steps of~~ increasing and decreasing the complexity of said encoder ~~are~~is performed according to a predetermined encoding configuration table.

12. (currently amended) The method of claim 9, further comprising the step of encoding a second data block at ~~said~~the decreased complexity to produce a second encoded data block.

13. (previously presented) The method of claim 9, further comprising the step of maintaining the complexity of said encoder when the fullness level of said input buffer falls within said predetermined threshold range.

14. (currently amended) The method of claim 9, further comprising the step of storing said first encoded data ~~blocks~~block in a memory medium for subsequent retrieval.

15. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein the stream of data blocks comprises a stream of video frames.

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16. (previously presented) The method of claim 9, wherein the fullness level of said input buffer is determined based on an input rate of the stream of said data blocks and processing feedback information from said encoder after producing said first encoded data block.

17. (previously presented) An encoding system for encoding a stream of datablocks, comprising:

- an analog-to-digital converter for converting analog signals from a plurality of sources into digital signals;
- an input buffer for receiving said converted digital signals at a predefined rate;
- a memory for storing a predetermined encoding table;
- an encoder for encoding the stream of data blocks stored in said input buffer;
- a management module, operatively coupled to said input buffer, said encoder, and said memory, wherein said management module is operable to: (a) receive the stream of said data blocks; (b) store said received data blocks in said input buffer; (c) cause to encode a first sequence of said stored data blocks from said input buffer to produce a first encoded data block; (d) monitor the fullness level of said input buffer for comparison with a predetermined threshold range; (e) cause to adjust the complexity of said encoder based on only said comparison outcome of said input buffer and said predetermined encoding table, said configuration table using a plurality of complexities and encoding options; and, (f) cause to encode a second data block at said adjusted complexity to produce a second encoded data block.

18. (previously presented) The system of claim 17, wherein said management module is further operable to decrease the complexity of said encoder when the fullness level of said input buffer exceeds an upper limit of said threshold range.

19. (previously presented) The system of claim 17, wherein said management module is further operable to increase the complexity of said encoder when the fullness level of said input buffer is below a lower level of said predetermined threshold range.

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20. (previously presented) The system of claim 17, wherein said management module is further operable to maintain the complexity of said encoder when the fullness level of said input buffer falls within said predetermined threshold range.

21. (currently amended) The system of claim 17, wherein the stream of data blocks ~~comprise~~comprise a stream of video frames.